



Year group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Reception Topic	Me and My Community	Once Upon A Time	Starry Night Driver: Understanding the World	Dangerous Dinosaurs Driver: Understanding the World	Sunshine and Sunflowers Driver: Understanding the World	Big Wide World Driver: Understanding the World
Reception Mini Project	Exploring Autumn Driver: Understanding the World	Sparkle and Shine	Winter Wonderland Driver: Understanding the World	Puddles and Rainbows Driver: Understanding the World	Shadows and Reflections Driver: Understanding the World	Splash! Driver: Understanding the World
Scarf Units	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and Responsibilities	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 Families are important for children they can give love, security and stability That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, sometimes look different from their family, but that they should respect those differences. To know that other children's families are also characterised by love and care. The important friendships to make us feel happy and secure,.How people choose and make friends. The importance of respecting others, even if they are very different from them The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness preferences or beliefs The characteristics of healthy family life, and the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, 	 The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or backgrounds), or make different choices or have different preferences or belief. The importance of self-respect and how this links to their own happiness. How important friendships are in making us feel happy and secure, and how people choose and make friends. The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties. That healthy friendships are positive and welcoming towards others, and do not make others feel lonely or excluded. The importance of respecting others, even when they are very different from them (for example, physically, in character, personality or 	 . How to recognise and report feelings of being unsafe or feeling bad about any adult. How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a range of words to use when talking about their own and others' feelings. About dental health and the benefits of good oral hygiene and dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. How and when to seek support including which adults to speak to in school if they are worried about their health. The characteristics of a poor diet and risks associated with unhealthy eating (including, obesity and tooth decay) and other behaviours (impact of alcohol on diet or health). The facts about legal and illegal harmful substances and associated 	 That families are important for children growing up because they can give love, 	 The characteristics of friendships, including mutual respect, truthfulness, trustworthiness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, trust, sharing interests and experiences and support with problems and difficulties. Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships. That there is a normal range of emotions (e.g. happiness, sadness, anger, fear, surprise, nervousness) and scale of emotions that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations. How to recognise and talk about their emotions, including having a varied vocabulary of words to use 	 The characteristics of healthy family life, commitment to each other, including in times of difficulty, protection and care for children and other family members, the importance of spending time together and sharing each other's lives. That others' families, either in school or in the wider world, might look different to their family, but that they should respect those differences and all families are characterised by love and care. That stable, caring relationships, which may be of different types, are at the heart of happy families, and are important for children's security as they grow up. hat marriage represents a formal and legally recognised commitment of two people to each other which is intended to be lifelong.

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are at the	heart of happy families,	backgrounds), or make different	risks, including smoking, alcohol use	heart of happy families, and	when talking about their	• That each person's body belongs
	nportant for children's	choices or have different preferences	and drug-taking.	are important for children's	own and others' feelings	to them, and the differences
security g		or belief	 The importance of sufficient good 	security as they grow up.	The characteristics of	between appropriate and
, .	ecognise if family	 The importance of self-respect links 	quality sleep for good health and that	 How important friendships 	friendships, including mutual	inappropriate or unsafe physical,
	nips are making them	to their own happiness.	a lack of sleep can affect weight,	are in making us feel happy	respect, truthfulness,	and other, contact.
	ppy or unsafe, and how	 That in school and in wider society 	mood and ability to learn.	and secure, and how people	trustworthiness, loyalty,	 That families are important for
	elp or advice.	they can expect to be treated with	• That families are important for	choose and make friends.	kindness, generosity, trust,	children growing up because
	cteristics of friendships.	respect by others, and that they	children growing up because they can	• The characteristics of	sharing interests and	they can give love, security and
	thy friendships are	should show due respect to others,	give love, security and stability.	friendships, including mutual	e e	stability.
	nd welcoming towards	including those in positions of	 How to recognise and report feelings 	respect, truthfulness,	with problems and	 Importance of respecting others,
	nd do not make others	authority.	of being unsafe or feeling bad with	trustworthiness, loyalty,	difficulties	even if they are different (eg,
,	y or excluded	 How to ask for advice or help for 	adults	kindness, generosity, trust,	• that there is a normal range	physically, personality or
,	ust and not to trust, how	themselves or others, and to keep	 Importance of permission-seeking 	sharing interests and	of emotions (e.g. happiness,	backgrounds), or make different
	when a friendship is	trying until they are heard.	and giving in relationships with	experiences and support	sadness, anger, fear,	choices or different
, ,	nem feel unhappy or	 How to recognise and talk about their 	friends, peers and adults.	with problems and	surprise, nervousness) and	preferences/beliefs
0	table and managing	emotions, including having a varied	• That each person's body belongs to	difficulties.	scale of emotions that all	• The characteristics of a poor diet
conflict.	0.0	vocabulary of words to use when	them, and the differences between	• That healthy friendships are	humans experience in	and risks associated with
•How to re	ecognise and report	talking about their own and others'	appropriate and inappropriate or	positive and welcoming	different experiences and	unhealthy eating (including, for
	f being unsafe or feeling	feelings	unsafe physical, and other, contact.	towards others, and do not	situations.	example, obesity and tooth
bad about	t adult s	 That families are important for 	• How to ask for advice or help for	make others feel lonely or	 How to recognise and talk 	decay) and other behaviours
 Where to 	get advice.	children growing up because they can	themselves or others, and to keep	excluded.	about their emotions,	(e.g. the impact of alcohol on
 Where an 	d how to seek support	give love, security and stability.	trying until they are heard.	 The importance of 	including having a varied	diet or health).
	recognising the triggers	 The characteristics of healthy family 	 How to report concerns or abuse, 	respecting others, even	vocabulary of words to use	 The importance of sufficient
for seekin	g support), including	life, commitment to each other,	and the vocabulary and confidence	when they are very different		good quality sleep for good
whom in s	school they should speak	including in times of difficulty,	needed	from them (for example,	own and others' feelings.	health and that a lack of sleep
to if they a	are worried about their	protection and care for children and	 The rules for keeping safe online, 	physically, in character,	 What constitutes a healthy 	can affect weight, mood and
own or so	meone else's mental	other family members, the	how to recognise risks, harmful	personality or backgrounds),	diet (including	ability to learn.
wellbeing	or ability to control	importance of spending time together	content and contact, and how to	or make different choices or	understanding calories/	 Identify people they can talk to
their emo	tions (including issues	and sharing each other's lives.	report them	have different preferences	nutritional content).	about their private parts.
arising on	line).	 That others' families, either in school 	• About the concept of privacy and the	or beliefs	 Planning and preparing a 	What a stereotype is, and how
 How to re 	ecognise and talk about	or in the wider world, sometimes look	implications of it for both children	 The importance of 	range of healthy meals.	they can be unfair, negative or
their emo	tions.	different from their family, but that	and adults; it is not always right to	permission-seeking and	 The importance of building 	destructive
 The import 	rtance of rest, time	they should respect those differences	keep secrets if they relate to being	giving in relationships with	regular exercise into daily	 The importance of permission-
spent with	h friends and family and	and know that other children's	safe.	friends, peers and adults.	and weekly routines and	seeking and giving in relationships
the benef	its of hobbies and	families are also characterised by love	 The characteristics of healthy family 	 How to ask for advice or 	how to achieve this;	with friends, peers and adults.
interests.		and care.	life, commitment to each other,	help for themselves or	• The importance of sufficient	 About the concept of privacy and
	and loneliness can affect	 That stable, caring relationships, 	including in times of difficulty,	others, and to keep trying	good quality sleep for good	the implications of it for both
	ind that it is very	which may be of different types, are at	protection and care for children and	until they are heard.	health and that a lack of	children and adults; including that
	t for us to discuss our	the heart of happy families, and are	other family members, the	Practical steps they can take	sleep can affect weight,	it is not always right to keep
0	/ith an adult.	important for children's security as	importance of spending time	in a range of different	mood and ability to learn	secrets if they relate to being safe
	e is a normal range of	they grow	together and sharing each other's	contexts to improve or	About dental health/need	 That each person's body belongs
emotions	and scale of emotions		lives		for good oral hygiene and	to them, and the differences

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	that all humans experience in relation to different experiences and situations.	 The conventions of courtesy and manners. Practical steps they can take in a range of different contexts to improve or support respectful relationships. 	 How to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice from others if needed. How to respond safely and appropriately to adults (including online) whom they do not know. Where to get advice e.g. family, school and/or other sources 	support respectful relationships.The conventions of manners.	 dental flossing, including regular check-ups at the dentist. About personal hygiene and germs including bacteria, viruses, how they are spread and treated, and the importance of handwashing. 	between appropriate and inappropriate or unsafe physical, and other, contact.
9 Protected Characteristics Explicitly Covered	Religion and belief	Religion and beliefSexual Orientation				 Age Marriage and civil partnership Pregnancy and maternity leave Sex Sexual Orientation
British Values Explicitly covered	Mutual respect	 Individual liberty Tolerance of other cultures and religions Mutual respect 				•
Assessment	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria
Curriculum Enhanceme nts	 The Life and work of Queen Elizabeth II TriKidz Black History month 	 Thursday 11th Nov - Remembrance day and school and church service. Anti-bullying week Children in Need Road safety + walk to school Whole school optional Flu vac- cination Eye tests completed by school nurse team 	 Scarf E -Safety workshop parents + KS2 children Mental health week Chinese New Year NSPCC – number day 	 World Book Day Science Week Autism Awareness Day Height & weight check completed by school nurse team 	 King Charles III Coronation Comic Relief 	 Sports Day Global Wellness Day

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Year 1 Topics	Childhood	History	Bright Ligh	ts, Big City	School Days	
Scarf Half Termly Units	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and Responsibilities	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 That classroom rules help everyone to learn and be safe; Explain their classroom rules and contribute to making these. Why we have classroom rules Recognise how others might be feeling by reading body language/facial expressions; Understand and explain how our emotions can give a physical reaction in our body. Identify a range of feelings; Identify how feelings might make us behave: Suggest strategies for someone experiencing 'not so good' feelings to manage these. Recognise that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt; Suggest ways of dealing with different kinds of hurt. Recognise that they belong to various groups and communities Explain how these people help us and how we can help them to help us. Identify qualities of friendship; Simple strategies for making up. Show attentive listening skills; Suggest simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; 	 Identify the differences and similarities between people; Empathise with those who are different from them; Begin to appreciate the positive aspects of these differences. Same or different? Explain the difference between unkindness, teasing and bullying; Understand that bullying is usually quite rare. Unkind, tease or bully? Explain some of their school rules and how those rules help to keep everybody safe. Harold's school rules Identify some of the people who are special to them; Recognise and name some of the qualities that make a person special to them. Who are our special people? Recognise and explain what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind; Suggest ways they can show kindness to others. 	 Understand that the body gets energy from food, water and air (oxygen); Recognise that exercise and sleep are important parts of a healthy lifestyle. Recognise the importance of sleep in maintaining a healthy, balanced lifestyle; Identify simple bedtime routines that promote healthy sleep. Recognise emotions and physical feelings associated with feeling unsafe; Identify who can help them when they feel unsafe. Recognise feelings that are associated with loss. Understand medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Explain issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Understand and learn the PANTS rules; Name and know which parts should be private; 	 Recognise the importance of regular hygiene routines; Sequence personal hygiene routines into order. Harold's wash and brush up Identify what they like about the school environment; Recognise who cares for and looks after the school environment. Demonstrate responsibility in looking after something (e.g. a class pet or plant); Explain the importance of looking after things that belong to them and others. Explain where people get money from; List some of the things that money may be spent on in a family home. Recognise that different notes and coins have different monetary value; Explain the importance of keeping money safe; Identify safe places to keep money; Understand the concept of 'saving money' (i.e. by 	 Recognise the importance of fruit and vegetables in their daily diet; Know that eating at least five portions of vegetables and fruit a day helps to maintain health. Recognise that they may have different tastes in food to others; Select foods from the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate) in order to make a healthy lunch; Recognise which foods we need to eat more of and which we need to eat less of to be healthy. Understand how diseases can spread; Recognise that learning a new skill requires practice and chances to fail, safely; Understand the learning line's use as a simple tool to describe the learning 	 Name major internal body parts (heart, lungs, blood, stomach, intestines, brain); Understand and explain the simple bodily processes associated with them. Understand tasks required to look after a baby; Explain how to meet the basic needs of a baby. Identify things they could do as a baby, a toddler and now; Identify people who helped them at different life stages. Explain difference between teasing and bullying; Give examples of what they can do if they experience or witness bullying; Say who they could get help from in a bullying situation. Difference between a secret and a nice surprise; Identify who they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable about any secret they are told, or told to keep. Surprises and secrets

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	Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel.		 Explain the difference between appropriate and inappropriate touch; Understand that they have the right to say "no" to unwanted touch; Start thinking about who they trust and who they can ask for help. 	keeping it in a safe placed and adding to it).	 process, including overcoming challenges. Demonstrate attentive listening skills; Simple strategies for resolving conflict situations; Give and receive positive feedback, and experience how this makes them feel. Recognise a person's behaviour can affect others. 	 Identify parts of the body that are private; Describe ways in which private parts can be kept private;
9 Protected Characteristics Explicitly taught		Religion and belief				
British Values Explicitly covered	 Rule of law Mutual respect	 Mutual respect Tolerance of other cultures and religions Mutual respect 		 Rule of law Mutual respect		
Assessment	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria
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Year 2	Movers and	d Shakers	Coas	tline	Magnificent Monarchs	
Topics						
Scarf	Me and My	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself	Rights and	Being My Best	Growing and
Half Termly Units	Relationships		Safe	Responsibilities		Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 Suggest actions that will contribute positively to the life of the classroom; Make and undertake pledges based on those actions. Our ideal classroom Take part in creating and agreeing classroom rules. Our ideal classroom Use a range of words for feelings Recognise different ways of expressing their feelings; Identify helpful ways of responding to other's feelings. How are you feeling today? Define what is meant by the terms 'bullying' and 'teasing' showing an understanding of the difference between the two; Identify situations as incidents of teasing or bullying. Understand/ describe strategies for dealing with bullying: Explain the difference between bullying and isolated unkind behaviour; Recognise that that there are different types of bullying and unkind behaviour are both unacceptable ways of behaving. Types of bullying 	 Identify physical and non-physical differences and similarities between people; Know and use words and phrases that show respect for other people. What makes us who we are? Identify people who are special to them; Explain some of the ways those people are special to them. My special people Recognise and explain how a person's behaviour can affect other people. How do we make others feel? Explain how it feels to be part of a group; Explain how it feels to be left out from a group; Identify groups they are part of; Suggest and use strategies for helping someone who is feeling left out. When someone is feeling left out Recognise and describe acts of kindness and unkindness; Explain how these impact on other people's feelings; Suggest kind words and actions they can show to others; 	 Understand that medicines can sometimes make people feel better when they're ill; Give examples of some of the things that a person can do to feel better without use of medicines, if they are unwell; Explain simple issues of safety and responsibility about medicines and their use. Identify situations they would feel are safe or unsafe; Suggest actions for dealing with unsafe situations who they could ask for help. When would you say 'Yes', 'No', 'I'll ask', or 'I'll tell', in relation to keeping themselves and others safe. Recognise that body language and facial expression tell us how comfortable and safe someone feels in a situation; Identify the types of touch they like and do not like; Identify who to talk to if someone touches them and makes it feel uncomfortable. Some touches are not fun, can hurt or be upsetting; Know they can ask someone to stop touching them; 	 Explain, and be able to use, strategies for dealing with impulsive behaviour. 	 make a difference to their own health. Explain how germs spread; Describe simple hygiene routines - hand washing; 	 Demonstrate ways of giving positive feedback to others. Recognise feelings associated with losing (and being reunited) with a person they are close to. Identify different stages of growth (e.g. baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult); Understand and describe some of the things that people are capable of at these different stages. Identify which parts of the human body are private; Explain that a person's genitals help t to make babies when they are grown up; Understand that humans mostly have the same body parts but they look different from person to person. Explain what privacy means; Know that you are not allowed to touch someone's private belongings without their permission; Give examples of different types of private information.

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	 Recognise that friendship is a special kind of relationship; Identify some of the ways that good friends care for each other. Being a good friend Recognise, name and understand how to deal with feelings (e.g. anger, loneliness); Explain where someone could get help if they were being upset by someone else's behaviour. 	 Show acts of kindness to others in school. An act of kindness Demonstrate active listening techniques (making eye contact, nodding head, making positive noises, not being distracted); Suggest strategies for dealing with a range of common situations requiring negotiation skills to help foster and maintain positive relationships. 	 someone touches them and makes them uncomfortable. Identify safe secrets and unsafe secrets; Importance of telling someone they trust about a secret which makes them feel unsafe or uncomfortable. 	 Explain how they might feel when they spend money on different things. Harold saves for something special Recognise that money can be spent on items which are essential or non-essential; Know that money can be saved for a future time and understand the reasons why people (including themselves) might do this. 	 Understand bodies get energy from food, water and oxygen; Recognise that exercise and sleep are important to health Name major internal body parts (heart, blood, lungs, stomach, small and large intestines, brain); Describe how food, water and air get into body and blood. 	
9 Protected Characteristics Explicitly taught		 Religion and belief Race 				
British Values explicitly taught	 Rule of law Mutual respect	 Tolerance of other cultures and religions Mutual respect 		 Rule of law Mutual respect		
Assessment	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria
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Road safety + walk to
school
Whole school optional
Flu vaccination

Year 3 Topics	Through the Ages		Rocks, Relics and Rumbles		Emperors and Empires	
Scarf Half Termly Units	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and Responsibilities	Being My Best	Growing and Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 Explain why we have rules; Explore why rules are different for age groups, in particular for internet-based activities; Suggest appropriate rules for a range of settings; Consider the consequences of breaking the rules. Explain the feelings someone might have when they lose something important to them; Understand that these feelings are normal and a way of dealing with the situation. Define and demonstrate cooperation & collaboration; Identify different skills that we can bring to a group task; Demonstrate how working together in a collaborative manner can help everyone to achieve success. Identify people who they have a special relationship with; 	 Recognise that there are many different types of family; Understand 'adoption' 'fostering' and 'same-sex relationships.' Family and friends Define the term 'community'; Identify the different communities that they belong to; Recognise the benefits that come with belonging to a community, in particular the benefit to mental health and wellbeing. Reflect on listening skills; examples of respectful language; How to challenge another's viewpoint, respectfully. Explain that people living in the UK have different origins; Identify similarities and differences between a diverse range of people from varying national, regional, ethnic and religious backgrounds; Identify some of the qualities that people from a diverse range of 	 cigarettes and alcohol; Most people choose not to smoke cigarettes; Define the word 'drug' and understand that nicotine and alcohol are both drugs. Identify risk in situations; Suggest ways of reducing or managing those risks. Online safety; Recognise potential risks with browsing online; How to browse online safely 	 Define what a volunteer is; Identify volunteers in the school community; Recognise some of the reasons why people volunteer, including mental health and wellbeing benefits to those who volunteer. Identify key people who are responsible for them to stay safe and healthy; Suggest ways to help people. Help each other to stay safe Understand the difference between 'fact' and 'opinion'; Understand how an event can be perceived from different viewpoints; Plan, draft and publish a recount using the appropriate language. Define what is meant by the environment; Evaluate and explain different methods of looking 	 Each of the food groups on the Eatwell Guide benefits the body; Explain what is meant by the term 'balanced diet'; what foods make up a healthy balanced meal. Explain how infectious illnesses are spread from one person to another; Hygiene routines help reduce risk of spreading infectious illnesses; Medical and non-medical ways of treating illness. Develop discussion and debating skills understand of health and wellbeing issues that are relevant to them; Empathy of view points; Make recommendations, based on their research. My achievements and areas of development; 	 Identify different types of relationships; Recognise who they have positive healthy relationships with. Relationship Tree Understand what is meant by the term body space (or personal space); Identify when it is appropriate or inappropriate to allow someone into their body space; Rehearse strategies for when someone is inappropriately in their body space. Body space Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; Recognise how different surprises and secrets might make them feel;

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	 Strategies for maintaining a positive relationship with their special people. Looking after special people Rehearse and demonstrate simple strategies for resolving given conflict situations. Solving problems Explain what a dare is; Understand no-one can force them to do a dare; Strategies to use if they are made to feel uncomfortable or unsafe by a dare. Express opinions and listen to those of others Consider others' view points Explain the thinking behind their ideas and opinions. Qualities of friendship; why friends sometimes fall out skills for making up. 	 backgrounds need in order to get on together. Our friends and neighbours Recognise the factors that make people similar to and different from each other; Recognise that repeated name calling is a form of bullying; Suggest strategies for dealing with name calling (including talking to a trusted adult). Let's celebrate our differences Understand and explain some of the reasons why different people are bullied; Explore why people have prejudiced views and understand what this is 	 right; to trust these signs and talk to a trusted adult Recognise and describe appropriate behaviour online as well as offline; Identify what constitutes personal information and when it is not appropriate or safe to share this; how to get help if requests for images or information of themselves or others occur Strategies to assess risks; Understand and explain decision-making skills; How to get help when making decisions. Understand that medicines are drugs and that they can be helpful or harmful. 	 after the school environment; Devise methods of promoting their priority method. Understand 'income', 'saving' and 'spending'; Recognise that there are times we can buy items we want and times when we need to save for items; Suggest items and services around the home that need to be paid for (e.g. food, furniture, electricity etc.) Explain that people earn their income through their jobs; Understand that the amount people get paid is due to a range of factors (skill, experience, training, responsibility etc.) 	 Some groups of people are not represented much on television/ media. Workin gcollaboratively helps everyone achieve the brain sends and receives messages through the nerves. Name major internal body parts heart, blood, lungs, stomach, brain liver small/large intestines Describe how food, water 	 Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe. Secret or surprise? Recognise that babies come from the joining of an egg and sperm; Explain what happens when an egg doesn't meet a sperm; Understand that for girls, periods are a normal part of puberty.
9 Protected Characteristics Explicitly taught		 Age Disability Race Religion and Belief Sex Sexual orientation 			 Disability Gender Reassignment 	
British Values explicitly taught	 Rule of law Mutual respect Democracy	 Tolerance of other cultures and religions Mutual respect 		 Rule of law Mutual respect	•	
Assessment	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements

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	Teacher Assessment criteria	 Teacher Assessment criteria 	Teacher Assessment criteria	Teacher Assessment criteria	Teacher Assessment criteria	Teacher Assessment criteria
Curriculum Enhancements	 The Life and work of Queen Elizabeth II TriKidz Black History month 	 Thursday 11th Nov - Remembrance day and school and church service. Anti-bullying week Children in Need Road safety + walk to school Whole school optional Flu vaccination 	 Scarf E -Safety work- shop parents + KS2 children Mental health week Chinese New Year NSPCC – number day 	 World Book Day Science Week Autism Awareness Day 	 King Charles III Coronation Comic Relief 	 Sports Day Global Wellness Day

Year 4 Topic	Invasion		Misty mountair	n, Winding River	Ancient Civilisations	
Scarf	Me and My	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself	Rights and	Being My Best	Growing and
Half Termly Units	Relationships		Safe	Responsibilities		Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 Describe 'good' and 'not so good' feelings and how feelings can affect our physical state; Explain how different words can express the intensity of feelings. Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'; Describe some of the qualities that they admire in others. Ok or not ok? Recognise times they might need to say 'no' to a friend; Appropriate assertive strategies for saying 'no' to a friend. Demonstrate strategies for working on a collaborative task; Define successful qualities of teamwork and collaboration. 	 Define the terms 'negotiation' and 'compromise'; Understand the need to manage conflict or differences and suggest ways of doing this, through negotiation and compromise. Can you sort it? Right to protect their personal body space; Recognise how others' non- verbal signals indicate how they feel when people are close to their body space; Suggest people they can talk to if they feel uncomfortable with actions towards them. 	 Define the terms 'danger', 'risk' and 'hazard' and explain the difference between them; Identify situations which are either dangerous, risky or hazardous; Suggest simple strategies for managing risk. Danger, risk or hazard? Identify images that are safe/unsafe to share online; Know and explain strategies for safe online sharing; Understand and explain the implications of sharing images online without consent. Define the word 'dare'; 	 how people in the school and local community help them stay healthy and safe; Define 'being responsibile'; Describe responsibilities of those who help them stay healthy and safe; Ways they can help people who keep them healthy/ safe. Understand humans have rights and responsibilities; Identify some rights and also responsibilities with these. why we have rules; Suggest ways they can contribute to decision-making processes in school 	 Identify ways in which everyone is unique; Appreciate their own uniqueness; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their friends and times when they will choose differently. What makes me ME! Give examples of choices they make for themselves and choices others make for them; Recognise that there are times when they will make the same choices as their 	 Describe some of the changes that happen to people during their lives; Explain how the Learning Line can be used as a tool to help them manage change more easily; Suggest people who may be able to help them deal with change. Name some positive and negative feelings; Understand how the onset of puberty can have emotional as well as physical impact Reasons why young people might fall out with parents; practisehow to compromise.

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9 Protected	 Identify a wide range of feelings; Recognise that different people can have different feelings in the same situation; Explain how feelings can be linked to physical state. Demonstrate a range of feelings through their facial expressions and body language; Recognise that their feelings might change towards someone or something once they have further information. Give examples of strategies to respond to being bullied, including what people can do and say; Understand and give examples of who or where pressure to behave in an unhealthy, unacceptable or risky way might come from. 	 Recognise that they have different types of relationships with people they know (e.g. close family, wider family, friends, acquaintances); Give examples of features of these different types of relationships, including how they influence what is shared. Friend or acquaintance? List some of the ways that people are different to each other (including differences of race, gender, religion); Recognise consequences of aggressive behaviour; Strategies for dealing with aggressive behaviour. What would I do? List ways people are different to each other (including ethnicity, gender, religious beliefs, customs and festivals); Define the word respect and demonstrate ways of showing respect to others' differences. Understand and identify stereotypes, including those promoted in the media. Religion and Belief 	 managing dares. Understand that medicines are drugs; Explain safety issues for medicine use; Suggest alternatives to taking a medicine when unwell; Suggest strategies for limiting the spread of infectious diseases (e.g. hand-washing Medicines: check the label Understand some of the key risks and effects of smoking and drinking alcohol; Understand that increasing numbers of young people are 	 Everyone can make a difference in democracy Define the word influence; media can influence the way they think about a topic; Form own opinions based on factual information and express/present in a respectful/courteous manner. Explain the role of the bystander and how it can influence bullying or other anti-social behaviour; Recognise that they can play a role in influencing outcomes of situations by their actions. Understand that national and international environmental organisations work to help take care of the environment; Define 'income' and 'expenditure'; List items and services of expenditure in school home; Prioritise items of expenditure in the home from most to least essential. Explain what is meant by the terms 'income tax', 'National Insurance' and 'VAT'; Payslips show pay/deductions Prioritise public services from most essential to least essential. 	 healthy balanced of foods from across the food groups on the Eatwell Guide (formerly Eatwell Plate). SCARF Hotel Understand the ways in which they can contribute to the care of the environment (using some or all of the seven Rs); Suggest ways the Seven Rs recycling methods can be applied to different scenarios. Harold's Seven Rs Define what is meant by the word 'community'; Suggest ways in which different people support the school community; Identify qualities and attributes of people who support the school 	 puberty happens. facts of the menstrual cycle; Understand that periods are a normal part of puberty for girls; Identify some of the ways to cope better with periods. Define the terms 'secret' and 'surprise' and know the difference between a safe and an unsafe secret; Recognise how surprises and secrets might make them feel; Know who they could ask for help if a secret made them feel uncomfortable or unsafe.
Characteristics Explicitly taught						 Age Marriage and civil partnership Sex Sexual orientation

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Assessment	 Pre and Post unit	 Pre and Post unit	 Pre and Post unit	 Pre and Post unit	 Pre and Post unit	 Pre and Post unit
	assessment task Self-assessment	assessment task Self-assessment	assessment task Self-assessment	assessment task Self-assessment	assessment task Self-assessment	assessment task Self-assessment
	statements	statements	statements	statements	statements	statements
	 Teacher Assessment	 Teacher Assessment	• Teacher	 Teacher	• Teacher	 Teacher Assessment
	criteria	criteria	Assessment criteria	Assessment criteria	Assessment criteria	criteria
Curriculum Enhancements	 The Life and work of Queen Elizabeth II TriKidz Black History month 	 Thursday 11th Nov - Remembrance day Anti-bullying week Children in Need Road safety + walk to school Whole school optional Flu vaccination 	 Scarf E -Safety work- shop parents + KS2 children Mental health week Chinese New Year NSPCC – number day 	 World Book Day Science Week Autism Awareness Day 	 King Charles III Coronation Comic Relief 	 Sports Day Global Wellness Day

Year 5 - Topic	Dynamic Dynasties		Sew, Grow and Farm		Ground-breaking Greeks	
Scarf	Me and My	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself	Rights and	Being My Best	Growing and
Half Termly Units	Relationships		Safe	Responsibilities		Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 Meaning of collaboration; Give examples of how they have worked collaboratively; Describe the attributes needed to work collaboratively. Explain what negotiation and compromise mean; Describe strategies for resolving difficult issues or situations. Demonstrate how to respond to a range of feelings in others; Give examples of some key qualities of friendship; Identify own friendship qualities. Identify what things make a relationship unhealthy; Identify who they could talk to if they needed help. 	 Key qualities of friendship; Describe ways of making a friendship last; Explain why friendships sometimes end. Qualities of friendship Rehearse active listening skills: Demonstrate respectfulness in responding to others; Respond appropriately Kind conversations Understanding of discrimination and its injustice, and describe this using examples; Empathise with people who have been, and currently are, subjected to injustice, including through racism; 	others who are bullied; • difference between online and face-to-face bullying. • Define what is a dare;	 Identify, write and discuss issues currently in the media concerning health and wellbeing; Express their opinions on an issue concerning health and wellbeing; Make recommendations on an issue concerning health and wellbeing. What's the story? Understand the difference between a fact and an opinion; Understand what biased reporting is and the need to think critically about things we read. 	 Know two harmful effects each of smoking/drinking alcohol. Explain the importance of food, water and oxygen, sleep and exercise for the human body and its health. Understand the actual norms around smoking and the reasons for common misperceptions of these. Getting fit Know the basic functions of the four systems covered and know they are inter-related. Explain the function of at least one internal organ. 	 Use words to describe the intensity of different feelings Distinguish between good and not so good feelings Explain strategies they can use to build resilience. Identify people to be trusted; Understand what kinds of touch are acceptable or unacceptable; Describe strategies for dealing with situations in which they would feel uncomfortable, particularly in relation to inappropriate touch. Taking notice of our feelings Explain how might feel when separated from someone or something they like;

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	 Identify characteristics of 	Consider how discriminatory	 Suggest ways of standing up 	 Fact or opinion? 	 Understand the importance 	 Suggest ways to help someone
	passive, aggressive and assertive	behaviour can be challenged.	to someone who gives a dare.	 Define the differences 	of food, water and oxygen,	who is separated from someone
	behaviours;	 Happy being me 	 Recognise risky situations 	between responsibilities,	sleep and exercise for the	or something they like.
	 Understand and rehearse 	 Identify and describe the 	 Explore decision making 	rights and duties;	human body and its health.	 Know the correct words for the
	assertiveness skills.	different groups that make up	when facing risky situations	 Discuss what can make them 	 Identify their own strengths 	external sexual organs;
	 Recognise basic emotional 	their school/wider	 Suggest what to do when 	difficult to follow;	and talents;	 Discuss some of the myths
	needs, understand that they	community/other parts of UK;	faced with a risky situation.	 Identify the impact on 	 Identify areas that need 	associated with puberty.
	change due to circumstance;	• Describe the benefits of living in	 People aren't always who 	individuals and the wider	improvement and describe	 Identify products that they may
	 Identify risk factors in a given 	a diverse society;	they appear to be online and	community if responsibilities	strategies for achieving those	need during puberty and why;
	situation (involving smoking etc)	 Explain the importance of 	explain risks of being friends	are not carried out.	improvements.	 Know what menstruation is and
	and consider outcomes of risk	mutual respect for different	online with a person they	 Rights, responsibilities and 	 Different skills 	why it happens.
	taking in this situation, including	faiths and beliefs and how we	have not met face-to-face;	duties	 Meaning of community; 	 Recognise how our body feels
	emotional risks.	demonstrate this.	 What information is safe/ 	• Explain what we mean by the	 Explain what being part of a 	when we're relaxed;
	 Our emotional needs 	 The land of the Red People 	unsafe to share offline and	terms voluntary, community	school community means to	 List some of the ways our body
	 Understand that online 	 Understand that the 	online & reflect on impact of	and pressure (action) group;	them;	feels when it is nervous or sad;
	communication can be	information we see online,	not keeping personal		 Suggest ways of improving 	 Describe and/or demonstrate
	misinterpreted;	either text or images, is not	information private	groups, the kind of work they	the school community.	how to be resilient to find
	 Accept that responsible and 	always true or accurate;	 Know how to protect 		 My school community (2) 	someone who will listen to you.
	respectful behaviour is needed	 Recognise people post things 	personal information online;	 State the costs involved in 	 Identify people who are 	 Identify the consequences of
	when interacting with others	online about themselves that	 Recognise disrespectful 	producing and selling an item;	responsible for helping them	positive and negative behaviour
	online as well as face-to-face.	aren't true, sometimes this is so		 Suggest questions a consumer 		on themselves and others;
		that people will like them;	how to respond to it.	should ask before buying a	 Identify ways that they can 	 how individual/group actions
		 Understand and explain the 	 all medicines are drugs but 	product.	help these people.	can impact on others in a
		difference between sex, gender	not all drugs are medicines;	• Define the terms loan, credit,		positive or negative way.
		identity, gender expression and		debt and interest;	responsibility	 Explain the difference between
		sexual orientation.		 Suggest advice for situations 	 Describe 'star' qualities of 	a safe and an unsafe secret;
		 Identify the consequences of 	used safely or unsafely.	involving personal finance.	celebrities as portrayed by	 Identify where someone might
		positive and negative behaviour		P		need to break a confidence in
		on themselves and others;	around smoking and the	local councils have	 Recognise that the way 	order to keep someone safe.
		 How individual/group actions 	reasons for common	responsibility for;	people are portrayed in the	 Recognise that some people can
		can impact on others in a	misperceptions of these.	Understand that local	media isn't always an	get bullied because of the way
		positive or negative way.	Identify risk factors in a given	councillors are elected to	accurate reflection of them in	they express their gender;
			situation (involving smoking)	represent their local	real life;	 Give examples of how bullying
			and consider outcomes of risk	community.	Describe 'star' qualities that	behaviours can be stopped.
			taking in this situation,		'ordinary' people have.	
		 .	including emotional risks;			
9 Protected		• Age				• sex
Characteristics		• Race				
		 Religion and Belief 				
Explicitly taught		• Sex				

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		 Sexual orientation 				
Assessment	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria 	 Pre and Post unit assessment task Self-assessment statements Teacher Assessment criteria
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Year 6 Topic	Maafa		Frozen Kingdoms		Britain at War	
Scarf Half	Me and My Relationships	Valuing Difference	Keeping Myself Safe	Rights and	Being My Best	Growing and
Termly Units				Responsibilities		Changing
PSHE Objectives Covered	 Demonstrate a collaborative approach to a task; Describe and implement the skills needed to do this. Working together Explain what 'negotiation' and 'compromise' mean; Suggest positive strategies for negotiating and compromising within a collaborative task; 	 discriminatory behaviour can result from disrespect of people's differences; Suggest strategies for dealing with bullying, as a bystander; Describe positive attributes of their peers. 	 Accept that responsible and respectful behaviour is necessary when interacting online and face-to-face; Understand and describe the ease with which something posted online can spread. Strategies to keep personal information safe online; Safe behaviours when using communication technology. 	 'biased' and 'unbiased', explaining the difference between them; Describe the language and techniques that make up a biased report; Analyse a report also extract the facts from it. 	 Describe the actions needed to set and 	 Recognise changes they have experienced and their emotional responses Srategies for dealing with change; Identify people who can support someone who is dealing with a challenging time of change. Know fame can be short-lived; Know photos can be changed to match society's view of perfect; Identify qualities that people have, as well as their looks.

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		Manual Andrew Manual Andrew and	the deside of the second state of the H	af have there are ha	
 Demonstrate positive strategies for 	common with each other than what is different about us;	0	 Understand why people don't tell 	-	 Define what is a stereotype; how the media can sometimes
negotiating and compromising within		share sexual images of children under	the truth and often post only the	lives.	
a collaborative task.	Consider how a bystander can	18 years old;	good bits about themselves,		reinforce gender stereotypes;
Recognise challenges that arise from	respond to someone being rude,	Risks of sharing photos/ films of	-	 Five Ways to Wellbeing 	 People fall into a wide range of
friendships;	offensive or bullying someone	themselves with other people directly	0 1 1	project	what is seen as normal;
 Strategies for dealing with such 	else;	or online;			 Challenge stereotypical gender
challenges demonstrating the need	 Demonstrate ways of offering 	 Know how to keep their information 	with positives and negatives.	researched on a health	portrayals of people.
for respect and an assertive	support to someone who has	private online.	 Explain some benefits of saving 		 Understand the risks of sharing
approach.	been bullied .	 Define what is meant by addiction, 	money;	outlining the key issues	images online and how these are
 Solving friendship problems 	 We have more in common than 	demonstrating an understanding that	 Describe the different ways 	and making suggestions	hard to control, once shared;
 List some assertive behaviours; 	not	addiction is a form of behaviour;	money can be saved, outlining the	for any improvements	 People can feel pressured to
 Recognise peer influence/ pressure; 	 Demonstrate ways of showing 	 All humans have basic emotional 	pros and cons of each method;	concerning those issues.	behave in a certain way because
 Demonstrate/roleplay assertive 	respect to others, using verbal and	needs and explain how these needs	 Describe the costs that go into 	 Our recommendations 	of the influence of the peer group
behaviours, to resist peer influence	non-verbal communication.	can be met.	producing an item;	 Identify risk factors in a 	 Understand the norms of risk-
and pressure.	 Respecting differences 	• Explain how drugs can be categorised	 Suggest sale prices for a variety of 	given situation;	taking behaviour
 Recognise and empathise with 	 Understand and explain the term 	into different groups depending on	items, taking into account a range	 Understand and explain 	• Define the word 'puberty' giving
patterns of behaviour in peer-group	prejudice;	their medical and legal context;	of factors;	the outcomes of risk-	examples of the physical and
dynamics;	 Identify and describe the different 	 Demonstrate an understanding that 	 Explain what is meant by the term 	taking in a given	emotional changes with it;
 Recognise emotional needs and 	groups that make up their	drugs can have both medical and non-	interest.	situation, including	 Suggest strategies that would hell
understand that they change	school/wider community/other	medical uses;	 What's it worth? 	emotional risks.	someone who felt challenged by
according to circumstance;	parts of the UK;	• Explain in simple terms some of the	 Recognise and explain that 	 Recognise what risk is; 	the changes in puberty;
• Strategies to deal assertively with a	• Describe the benefits of living in a	laws that control drugs in this country.	different jobs have different levels	 Explain how a risk can be 	 Understand what FGM is and that
situation where they may do	diverse society;	• Understand some of the basic laws in	of pay and the factors that	reduced;	it is illegal practice in this country
something they feel uncomfortable	• Explain the importance of mutual	relation to drugs;	influence this;	 Understand risks related 	 Know where someone could get
about.	respect for different faiths and	• why there are laws relating to drugs in		to growing up and explain	support if they were concerned
 Consequences of reacting to others in 	beliefs and how we demonstrate	this country.	(income tax and VAT) which help	the need to be aware of	about their own or another
positive/negative way;	this.	 Understand the actual norms around 	to fund public services;	these;	person's safety.
 Suggest ways people respond more 	 Tolerance and respect 	drinking alcohol and the reasons for		 Assess a risk to help keep 	 Explain the difference between a
positively to others.	• Explain the difference between a	common misperceptions of these;	services and compare value.	themselves safe	safe and an unsafe secret;
 Describe ways people show their 			• Explain what we mean by the		 Identify situations you might need
commitment to each other;	 Describe qualities of a strong, 	of drinking alcohol.	terms voluntary, community and		to break a confidence in order to
 Know the ages a person can marry, if 	positive friendship;	 Understand that all humans have basic 	pressure (action) group;		keep someone safe.
their parents agree;	 Describe the benefits of other 	emotional needs and explain some of	 Describe the aim, mission 		 Identify the changes that happen
 Understand that everyone has the 	types of relationship	the ways these needs can be met;	statement, activity and		through puberty to allow sexual
right to be free to choose who and	,,	 Explain how temotional needs impact 	beneficiaries of a voluntary,		reproduction to occur;
whether to marry.	 Define what is meant by the term stereotype; 	on people's behaviour;	community or action group.		 Know ways in which sperm can
-	 How the media can sometimes 	 Suggest positive ways that people can 	, .		 Know ways in which sperm can fertilise anegg to create a baby;
 Some types of physical contact can produce strong possible facilitation 		e suggest positive ways that people can get their emotional need met.	 Explain meaning of living in an environmentally sustainable way; 		
produce strong negative feelings;	reinforce gender stereotypes;	5			 Legal age of consent/what it is
• Some inappropriate touch is illegal.	 People fall into a wide range of what is easy as a series. 	Understand examples of conflicting	 Suggest actions that could be taken to live in a more 		• Explain how HIV affects the body'
Strategies for keeping personal	what is seen as normal;	emotions;	taken to live in a more		immune system; is difficult to
information safe online;		1	environmentally sustainable way.		

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	• Describe safe and respectful behaviours when using communication technology.	 Challenge stereotypical gender portrayals of people. 	 Understand and reflect on how independence and responsibility go together 			transmit; and how to protect themselves from HIV.
9 Protected Characteristi cs Explicitly taught	 Age Marriage and Civil Partnerships Religion and Belief Sex Sexual Orientation 	 Age Disability Race Religion and Belief Sex Sexual Orientation 	• Age	• Age		 Disability Gender Reassignment Pregnancy and Maternity Religion and Belief Sex Sexual Orientation
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